विवरण-2

**सफाई कर्मचारियों और उनके आश्रितों की मुक्ति एवं पुनर्वास की राष्ट्रीय योजना के अधीन की गई वास्तविक उपलब्धि**

| वर्ष | सफाई कर्मचारियों की संख्या | |
|---|---|---|
| | प्रशिक्षित | पुनर्वासित |
| 1994-95 | 25079 | 63296 |
| 1995-96 | 44000* | 122000* |
| 1996-97 | 38040* | 105780* |

* राज्य सरकारों द्वारा प्रस्तावित सभी राज्यों से वास्तविक उपलब्धि की अभी प्रतीक्षा है।

**Reduced Food Supply to Districts of Garhwal Division under TPDS**

*169. SHRI NARENDRA MOHAN: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether under the newly formulated Targeted Public Distribution System where consumers have been categorised as 'Below Poverty Line' and 'Above Poverty Line' food supply of five districts of Garhwal division has been scaled down by 15,000 metric tonnes;

(b) if so, whether the allocation is based on the 1991 census;

(c) how the increase in population from 1991 to 1997 will be covered under PDS scheme alongwith details thereof; and

(d) whether 36 crore people are presently below the poverty line; if so, how many of them are covered by the Targeted Public Distribution System under the category 'Below Poverty Line'?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS (SHRI RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH): (a) The Central Government make allocation of foodgrains to the State as a whole. Further sub-allocation between areas and districts within the State is a responsibility of State Government. The offtake of foodgrains in Uttar Pradesh during 1996-97 was 12.50 Lakh Metric Tonnes (LMT). The present allocation by the Central Government to the State Government under the new PDS Scheme, namely, the Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS) is fixed at 15.37 LMT per annum. This allocation is more than the distribution made by the U.P. Government to the consumers in the State during the previous year.

(b) No, Sir. The allocation of foodgrains is based upon the average annual lifting of foodgrains for the last 10 years taking into account the requirement of families below poverty line (BPL). However, the quantum of foodgrains earmarked for the BPL families is based on the estimates of percentage of the poor for 1993-94 arrived at by the Planning Commission as applied to the projected number of households in 1995.

(c) and (d) The population growth after 1991 upto 1995 has been taken into account for estimating the number of BPL families to be covered under TPDS as explained in (b) above. The percentage of poor in the country is estimated by the Planning Commission on the basis of the latest available quinquennial consumer expenditure survey conducted by the National Sample Survey Organisation. Their latest estimates of poverty relate to the year 1993-94. According to these estimates about 32.03 crore people representing 35.97% of the total population, were below the poverty line in 1993-94. Applying the percentage of 35.97 to the projected population of 90.53 crores in 1995-96 the number of poor comes out to 32.56 crores or about 5.87 crore households/families which has been covered under TPDS.